



STATE OF IDAHO  
DEPARTMENT OF  
ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

1118 F Street • Lewiston, Idaho 83501 • (208) 799-4370  
www.deq.idaho.gov

Governor Brad Little  
Director John H. Tippetts

January 27, 2020

Susan Poulson, Section Manager  
NPDES Permitting Section  
U.S. EPA Region 10  
1200 6th Avenue, Suite 155  
Mail Code WD-19-C04  
Seattle WA 98101-3188

Subject: FINAL §401 Water Quality Certification for the Idaho Transportation Department  
District 2 Municipal Separate Sewer System (MS4), NPDES Permit #IDS028258

Dear Ms. Poulson:

On January 6, 2020, the Lewiston Regional Office of the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) received the proposed final draft of the above-referenced permit for the Idaho Transportation Department District 2 Municipal Separate Sewer System (MS4). Section 401 of the Clean Water Act requires that states issue certifications for activities which are authorized by a federal permit and which may result in the discharge to surface waters. In Idaho, the DEQ is responsible for reviewing these activities and evaluating whether the activity will comply with Idaho's Water Quality Standards, including any applicable water quality management plans (e.g., total maximum daily loads). A federal discharge permit cannot be issued until DEQ has provided certification or waived certification either expressly, or by taking no action.

This letter is to inform you that DEQ is issuing the attached §401 Water Quality Certification subject to the terms and conditions contained therein.

Please contact me directly at (208) 799-4370 to discuss any questions or concerns regarding the content of this certification.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "John Cardwell".

John Cardwell  
Regional Administrator  
Lewiston Regional Office

c: Misha Vakoc, EPA Region 10  
Loren Moore, DEQ State Office





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## Idaho Department of Environmental Quality Final §401 Water Quality Certification

January 27, 2020

**NPDES Permit Number(s):** Idaho Transportation Department – District #2  
Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System, IDS028258

**Receiving Water Body:** Clearwater River – Lower Granite Dam Pool

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Pursuant to the provisions of Section 401(a)(1) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act), as amended; 33 U.S.C. Section 1341(a)(1); and Idaho Code §§ 39-101 et seq. and 39-3601 et seq., the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) has authority to review National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits and issue water quality certification decisions.

Based upon its review of the above-referenced permit and associated fact sheet, DEQ certifies that if the permittee complies with the terms and conditions imposed by the permit along with the conditions set forth in this water quality certification, then there is reasonable assurance the discharge will comply with the applicable requirements of Sections 301, 302, 303, 306, and 307 of the Clean Water Act, the Idaho Water Quality Standards (WQS) (IDAPA 58.01.02), and other appropriate water quality requirements of state law.

This certification does not constitute authorization of the permitted activities by any other state or federal agency or private person or entity. This certification does not excuse the permit holder from the obligation to obtain any other necessary approvals, authorizations, or permits.

### Antidegradation Review

The WQS contain an antidegradation policy providing three levels of protection to water bodies in Idaho (IDAPA 58.01.02.051).

- Tier I Protection. The first level of protection applies to all water bodies subject to Clean Water Act jurisdiction and ensures that existing uses of a water body and the level of water quality necessary to protect those existing uses will be maintained and protected (IDAPA 58.01.02.051.01; 58.01.02.052.01). Additionally, a Tier I review is performed for all new or reissued permits or licenses (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.07).
- Tier II Protection. The second level of protection applies to those water bodies considered high quality and ensures that no lowering of water quality will be allowed unless deemed necessary to accommodate important economic or social development (IDAPA 58.01.02.051.02; 58.01.02.052.08).
- Tier III Protection. The third level of protection applies to water bodies that have been designated outstanding resource waters and requires that activities not cause a lowering of water quality (IDAPA 58.01.02.051.03; 58.01.02.052.09).

DEQ is employing a water body by water body approach to implementing Idaho's antidegradation policy. This approach means that any water body fully supporting its beneficial uses will be considered high quality (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.05.a). Any water body not fully supporting its beneficial uses will be provided Tier I protection for that use, unless specific circumstances warranting Tier II protection are met (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.05.c). The most recent federally approved Integrated Report and supporting data are used to determine support status and the tier of protection (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.05).

### ***Pollutants of Concern***

The Idaho Transportation Department – District #2 discharges the following pollutants of concern: sediment, nutrients, heat, chlorides, metals, petroleum hydrocarbons, microbial pollution (*Escherichia coli*) and organic chemicals (pesticides and industrial chemicals).

### ***Receiving Water Body Level of Protection***

The Idaho Transportation Department – District #2 discharges to the Clearwater River – Lower Granite Dam Pool within the Clearwater Subbasin assessment unit (AU) ID17060306CL001\_07 (Lower Granite Dam Pool). This AU is designated for cold water aquatic life, primary contact recreation, and domestic water supply beneficial uses. In addition to these uses, all waters of the state are protected for agricultural and industrial water supply, wildlife habitat, and aesthetics (IDAPA 58.01.02.100).

According to DEQ's 2016 Integrated Report, this receiving water body AU is fully supporting its assessed uses (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.05.a). As such, DEQ will provide Tier II protection in addition to Tier I for this water body (IDAPA 58.01.02.051.02; 58.01.02.051.01).

### ***Protection and Maintenance of Existing Uses (Tier I Protection)***

A Tier I review is performed for all new or reissued permits or licenses, applies to all waters subject to the jurisdiction of the Clean Water Act, and requires demonstration that existing and designated uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect existing and designated uses shall be maintained and protected. In order to protect and maintain existing and designated beneficial uses, a permitted MS4 discharge must reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable. The terms and conditions contained in the Idaho Transportation Department – District #2 permit and this certification require the permittee to reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable.

Specific terms and conditions of the permit aimed at providing a Tier I level of protection include (Permit part 2 & 3):

- A prohibition on snow disposal directly to surface waters;
- Specific prohibitions for non-stormwater discharges;
- Requirements to develop a stormwater management plan with the following control measures:
  - Public education and outreach,

- Illicit discharge detection and elimination,
  - Construction site stormwater runoff controls,
  - Dry weather outfall screening program,
  - Post-construction stormwater management for new development and redevelopment,
  - Pollution prevention/good housekeeping for MS4 operations;
- The stipulation that if either EPA or DEQ determine that an MS4 causes or contributes to an excursion above the water quality standards, the permittee must take a series of actions to remedy the situation.

If the MS4 discharge causes or contributes to an excursion above the applicable Idaho WQS, Part 5 of the permit requires corrective action and adaptive management as needed to address the source of pollutants. This response plan will improve the response time to an exceedance and require the permittee to evaluate and determine the effectiveness of their best management practices.

In summary, the terms and conditions contained in the Idaho Transportation Department – District #2 permit will reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable. Therefore, DEQ has determined the permit will protect and maintain existing and designated beneficial uses in the Clearwater River – Lower Granite Dam Pool in compliance with the Tier I provisions of Idaho’s WQS (IDAPA 58.01.02.051.01 and 58.01.02.052.07).

### ***High-Quality Waters (Tier II Protection)***

The Clearwater River – Lower Granite Dam Pool is considered high quality for cold water aquatic life and primary contact recreation. As such, the water quality relevant to cold water aquatic life and primary contact recreation uses of the Clearwater River – Lower Granite Dam Pool must be maintained and protected, unless a lowering of water quality is deemed necessary to accommodate important social or economic development.

To determine whether degradation will occur, DEQ must evaluate how the permit issuance will affect water quality for pollutants relevant to cold water aquatic life and primary contact recreation uses of the Clearwater River – Lower Granite Dam Pool (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.05). These include sediment, nutrients, heat, chlorides, metals, petroleum hydrocarbons, microbial pollution (*Escherichia coli*) and organic chemicals (pesticides and industrial chemicals).

For a new permit or license, the effect on water quality is determined by reviewing the difference between the existing receiving water quality and the water quality that would result from the activity or discharge as proposed in the new permit or license (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.06.a). NPDES permits for regulated small municipal separate storm sewer systems (MS4s) must include terms and conditions to reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable, to protect water quality, and to satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements under the Clean Water Act. “Maximum extent practicable” is the statutory standard that describes the level of pollutant reduction that MS4 operators must achieve. The proposed MS4 permit relies on practices to identify and reduce discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable (Permit parts 2 & 3). The Idaho Transportation Department – District #2 must map their MS4 and all associated outfalls (Permit part 3.2.2). Further, the permittees’ implementation

of these practices must be documented in annual reports to EPA and DEQ and is subject to review and on-site inspections. To ensure discharged stormwater will not degrade receiving waters, the permittee is required to manage the effectiveness of these stormwater management practices, monitor discharge and, if necessary, adapt its management practices.

Pollutant reductions should be realized as each element of the stormwater management plan is developed and implemented during the permit cycle. Stormwater control measures, when designed, constructed, and maintained correctly have demonstrated the ability to reduce runoff, erosive flows, and pollutant loadings.<sup>1</sup> Due to the nature of MS4 permits, implementation requires investigating and resolving complaints; continual discovery of pollutant sources; use, monitoring, and refinement of BMPs; and additional knowledge through training opportunities.

This level of scrutiny and effort combined with requirements to address pollution sources should lead to improved water quality the longer the permit is in effect and should result in minimal to no adverse change in existing water quality significant to recreational and aquatic life uses. Therefore, DEQ has reasonable assurance that at a minimum, no degradation will result from the discharge of pollutants from the Idaho Transportation Department – District #2 MS4.

In summary, DEQ concludes that this discharge permit complies with the Tier II provisions of Idaho's WQS (IDAPA 58.01.02.051.02 and IDAPA 58.01.02.052.06).

## **Conditions Necessary to Ensure Compliance with Water Quality Standards or Other Appropriate Water Quality Requirements of State Law**

### ***Best Management Practices***

Best management practices must be designed, implemented, monitored, and maintained by the permittee to fully protect and maintain the beneficial uses of waters of the United States and to improve water quality at least to the maximum extent practicable.

When selecting best management practices the permittee must consider and, if practicable, utilize practices identified in the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality Catalog of Stormwater Best Management Practices for Idaho Cities and Counties, <http://www.deq.idaho.gov/water-quality/wastewater/stormwater/>).

### ***Reporting of Discharges Containing Hazardous Materials or Deleterious Material***

Pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.02.850, all spills of hazardous material, deleterious material or petroleum products which may impact waters (ground and surface) of the state shall be immediately reported. Call 911 if immediate assistance is required to control, contain or clean up the spill. If no assistance is needed in cleaning up the spill, contact the Lewiston Regional Office at 208-799-4370 during normal working hours or Idaho State Communications Center after normal working hours. If the spilled volume is above federal reportable quantities, contact the National Response Center.

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<sup>1</sup> Urban Stormwater Management in the United States, National Research Council, 2008

For immediate assistance: Call 911

National Response Center: (800) 424-8802

Idaho State Communications Center: (800) 632-8000

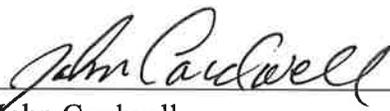
## Other Conditions

This certification is conditioned upon the requirement that any material modification of the permit or the permitted activities—including without limitation, any modifications of the permit to reflect new or modified TMDLs, wasteload allocations, site-specific criteria, variances, or other new information—shall first be provided to DEQ for review to determine compliance with Idaho WQS and to provide additional certification pursuant to Section 401.

## Right to Appeal Final Certification

The final Section 401 Water Quality Certification may be appealed by submitting a petition to initiate a contested case, pursuant to Idaho Code § 39-107(5) and the “Rules of Administrative Procedure before the Board of Environmental Quality” (IDAPA 58.01.23), within 35 days of the date of the final certification.

Questions or comments regarding the actions taken in this certification should be directed to Sujata Connell, Lewiston Regional Office at 208-799-4370 or via email at [Sujata.Connell@deq.idaho.gov](mailto:Sujata.Connell@deq.idaho.gov).

  
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John Cardwell  
Regional Administrator  
Lewiston Regional Office

