

Hidden Springs WWTF, A "Green" System

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OUTLINE



- History
- Original System
- 2007 Expansion
- Permit Requirements
- Challenges with Algae
- Performance Data

Hidden Springs Community

- 1844 acre planned 'Rural' community
- 3.5 miles outside of Boise city limits
- On Line in 1998-1999
- Buildout 1,050 connections
- Currently at ~800 connections



- No surface water for discharge
- Tight clay soils
- Desire for environmentally responsible approach



Hidden Springs Area

Hidden Springs Community

- Water provided by area water utility
- Wastewater treated on site with ZERO discharge
- Treated, filtered, disinfected effluent used for irrigation on common areas, school, 'farm', and parks
- First system of its kind in Idaho and remains the largest operating



Original Hidden Springs WWTF

- Two aerated treatment cells (24 feet deep)
- One 19.6 MG storage pond – 3.5 months storage
- US Filter Hydroclear media filter, in line
- Chlorine disinfection with liquid hypochlorite



Original Hidden Springs WWTF

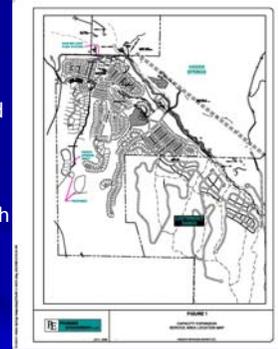
Year	Total Coliform (MPN)	Turbidity (NTU)	TSS (mg/L)	Total Nitrogen (mg/L as N)
2004 Average	1.8	0.80	3.6	3.6
2005 Average	1.1	1.1	4.7	4.2

- Periodic violations on effluent criteria. Blamed on algae and the hypochlorite dosing system

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Hidden Springs WWTF Expansion

- In 2005, Hidden Springs Development Company reached an agreement with neighboring planned community, Cartwright Ranch
- Hidden Springs Sewer Company to treat for both buildout conditions: 1,525 connections (274,500 gpd)



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Hidden Springs WWTF Expansion Project Needs

- Owner / Operator / Idaho DEQ happy with existing system
- Needed capacity expansion to accommodate
- Minor system improvements
 - Periodic hits on fecal coliform (2.2/100 mL)
 - Chlorination difficult to regulate (0.5 mg/L residual)
 - Periodic TSS exceedence (5 mg/L monthly)

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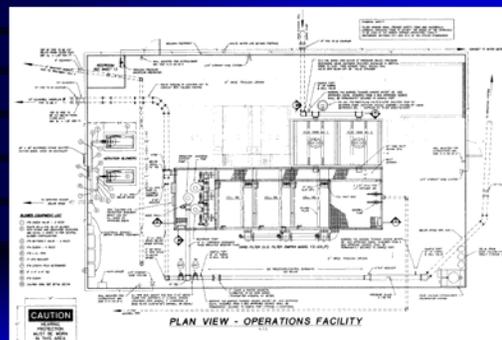
DESIGN

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Hidden Springs WWTF Capacity Expansion PER

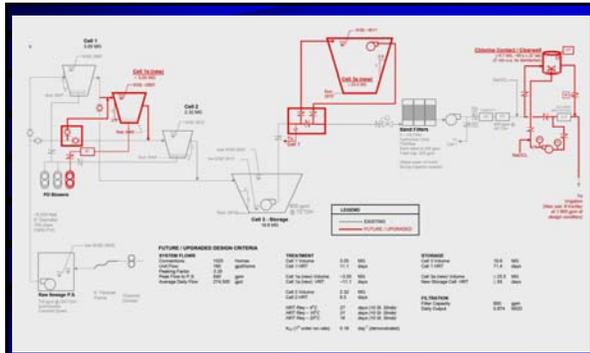
- Additional treatment volume – One aerated lagoon
- Additional blower capacity – One new blower
- Additional treated/unfiltered water storage
- New filter feed pumps at existing (and new) storage
- Filtration rate expansion

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Filter Expansion – Challenge

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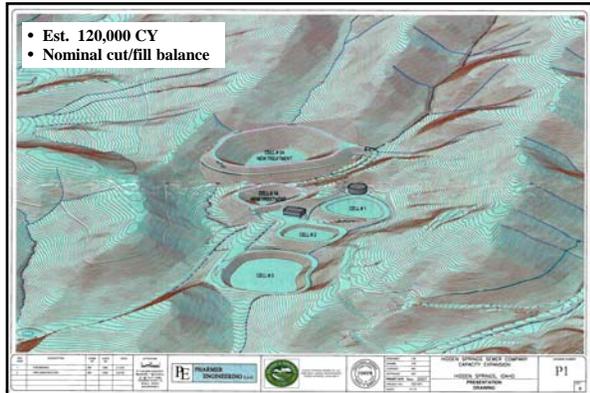


New Process Flow Diagram



CHALLENGE

- Build two earthen basins in tight and steep foothill area
- Balance cut and fill



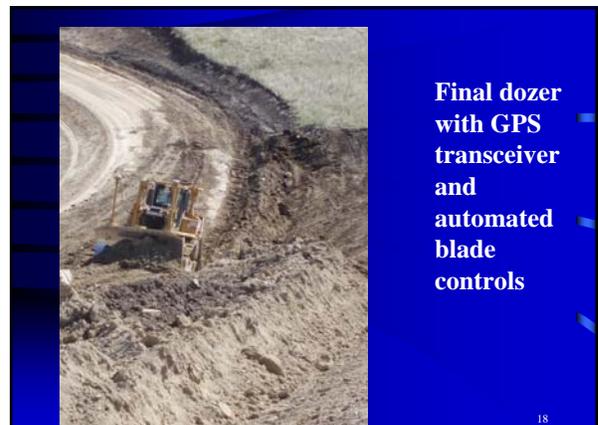
New Basins w/ Existing Topo



CONSTRUCTION



Construction



Final dozer with GPS transceiver and automated blade controls



Construction

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Hidden Springs WWTF

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New Treatment Cell Liner

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New Treatment Cell

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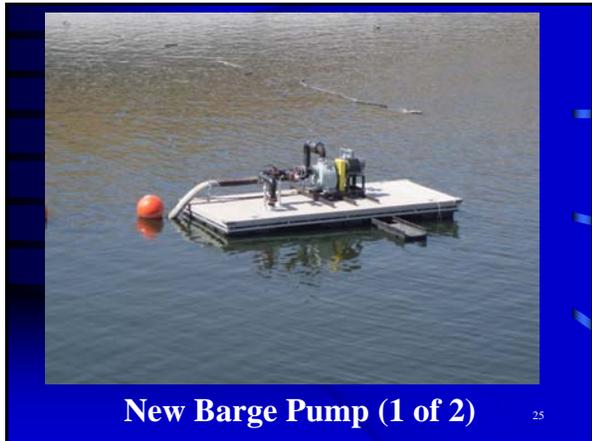
New Storage Cell

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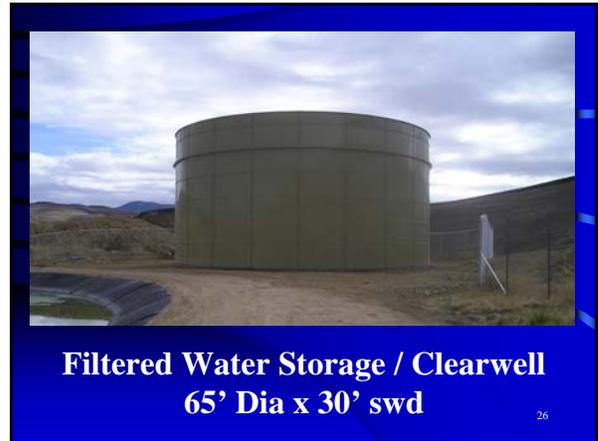


New Blower

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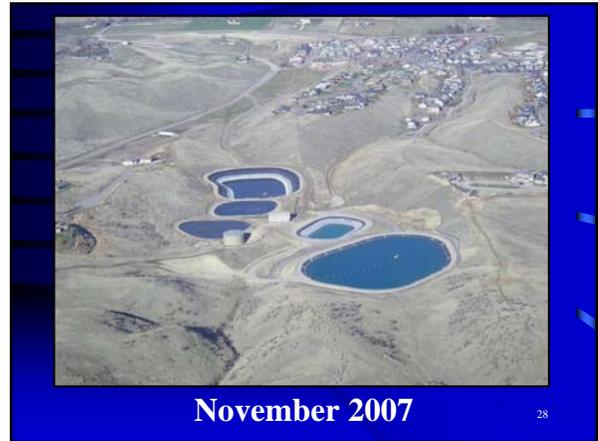
New Barge Pump (1 of 2)



**Filtered Water Storage / Clearwell
65' Dia x 30' swd**



Spring 2006



November 2007

PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

**HIDDEN SPRINGS
LAND APPLICATION PERMIT - HIGHLIGHTS**

Area	131 acres
HMUs	4
Application Period	Mar 1 - Oct 31, 8 months
Free Chlorine	1 mg/L
Min Water Tank Depth	3 ft (120 min HRT)
Disinfection Reqmts	2.2 Total CFU/100 mL (7 day avg)
	23 Total CFU/100 mL (instantaneous)
Turbidity	5 NTU, instantaneous

CHALLENGES

- Unfiltered product water is stored
- System partially nitrifies

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ALGAE

- Algae biomass is ~1% phosphorus
- 1 mg/L phosphorus will support up to 100 mg/L algae TSS
- Actual system phosphorus is ~5 mg/L
- Turbidity challenges
- Disinfection challenges



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ALGAE CONTROL



Objective to minimize algae to filter

- Chemical addition to ponds
 - Bleach
 - Copper Sulfate
- Pump Intake
- Chemical coagulants
- Pray for Ceri Daphnia

Other Approaches / Solutions

- Different sand media
- Covers on ponds
- Filter with positive barrier - membranes

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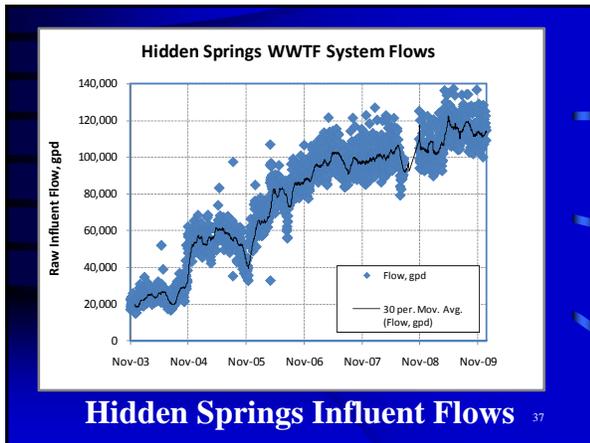
PARTIAL NITRIFICATION

- Lagoons nitrify seasonally
 - Long detention times results in nitrite present for much of irrigation season
 - 5 mg/L chlorine consumption per mg/L nitrite
- $$\text{HOCL} + \text{NO}_2^- \rightarrow \text{NO}_3^- + \text{HCL}$$
- Sometimes severe chlorine dosing / residual challenges

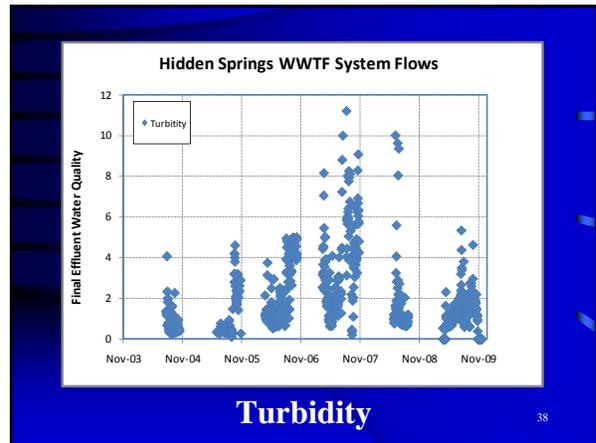
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RESULTS

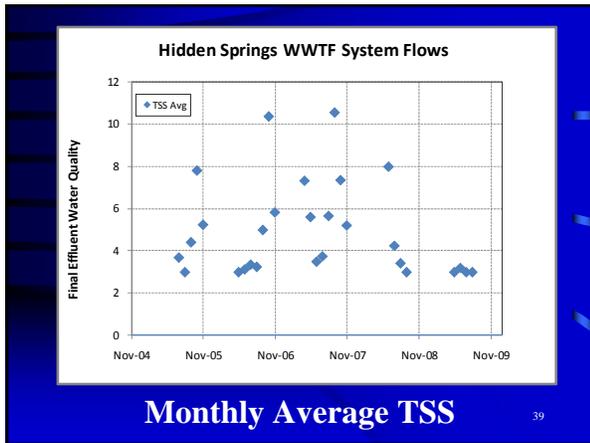
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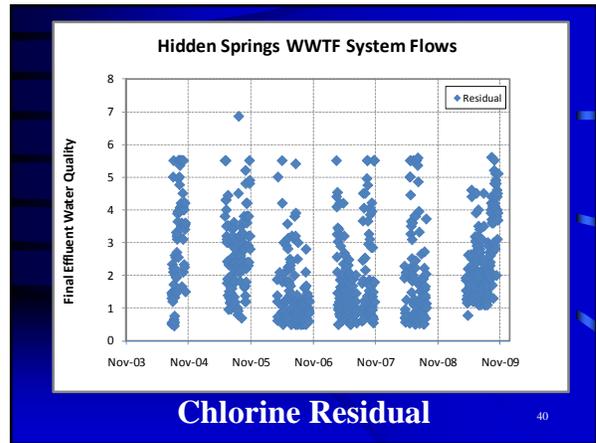
Hidden Springs Influent Flows 37



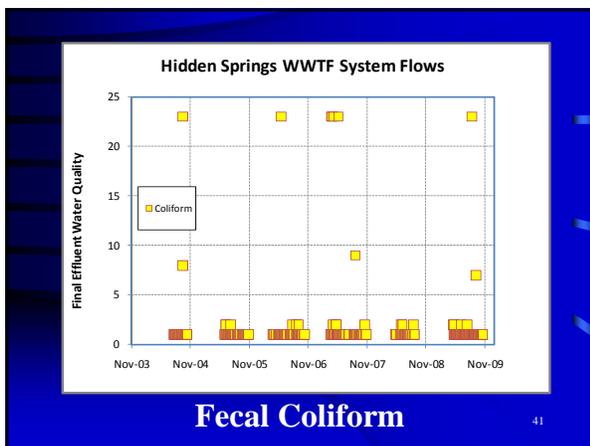
Turbidity 38



Monthly Average TSS 39



Chlorine Residual 40



Fecal Coliform 41

FINAL THOUGHTS

- Simple System. Easy to operate.
- System operates well, but not perfectly
- Activated sludge system with full nitrification for easier chlorine disinfection/residual
- Partial cover on final lagoon for filtration or membrane system would allow for better turbidity management