

# **Statement of Basis**

**Permit to Construct No. P-2013.0025  
Project ID 61184**

**Jack B Parson Companies - 029-00009  
Soda Springs, Idaho**

**Facility ID 029-00009**

**Final**

**June 20, 2013  
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Permit Writer**

*D.P.*

The purpose of this Statement of Basis is to satisfy the requirements of IDAPA 58.01.01. et seq, Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho, for issuing air permits.

**ACRONYMS, UNITS, AND CHEMICAL NOMENCLATURE** ..... 3

**FACILITY INFORMATION** ..... 5

    Description ..... 5

    Permitting History ..... 5

    Application Scope ..... 5

    Application Chronology ..... 5

**TECHNICAL ANALYSIS** ..... 6

    Emissions Units and Control Equipment ..... 6

    Emissions Inventories ..... 6

    Ambient Air Quality Impact Analyses ..... 6

**REGULATORY ANALYSIS**..... 6

    Attainment Designation (40 CFR 81.313) ..... 6

    Facility Classification..... 6

    Permit to Construct (IDAPA 58.01.01.201)..... 6

    Tier II Operating Permit (IDAPA 58.01.01.401) ..... 6

    Registration Procedures and Requirements for Portable Equipment (IDAPA 58.01.01.500)..... 6

    Visible Emissions (IDAPA 58.01.01.625) ..... 7

    Rules for Control of Fugitive Dust (IDAPA 58.01.01.650)..... 7

    Title V Classification (IDAPA 58.01.01.300, 40 CFR Part 70)..... 7

    PSD Classification (40 CFR 52.21) ..... 7

    NSPS Applicability (40 CFR 60) ..... 7

    NESHAP Applicability (40 CFR 61)..... 7

    MACT Applicability (40 CFR 63)..... 7

    Permit Conditions Review ..... 7

**PUBLIC REVIEW**..... 7

    Public Comment Opportunity ..... 7

**APPENDIX A – FACILITY DRAFT COMMENTS**..... 8

**APPENDIX B – PROCESSING FEE** ..... 10

## ACRONYMS, UNITS, AND CHEMICAL NOMENCLATURE

AAC	acceptable ambient concentrations
AACC	acceptable ambient concentrations for carcinogens
acfm	actual cubic feet per minute
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
BACT	Best Available Control Technology
BMP	best management practices
Btu	British thermal units
CAA	Clean Air Act
CAM	Compliance Assurance Monitoring
CAS No.	Chemical Abstracts Service registry number
CBP	concrete batch plant
CEMS	continuous emission monitoring systems
cfm	cubic feet per minute
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CI	compression ignition
CMS	continuous monitoring systems
CO	carbon monoxide
CO <sub>2</sub>	carbon dioxide
CO <sub>2</sub> e	CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent emissions
COMS	continuous opacity monitoring systems
DEQ	Department of Environmental Quality
dscf	dry standard cubic feet
EL	screening emission levels
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
FEC	Facility Emissions Cap
GHG	greenhouse gases
gph	gallons per hour
gpm	gallons per minute
gr	grains (1 lb = 7,000 grains)
HAP	hazardous air pollutants
HHV	higher heating value
HMA	hot mix asphalt
hp	horsepower
hr/yr	hours per consecutive 12 calendar month period
ICE	internal combustion engines
IDAPA	a numbering designation for all administrative rules in Idaho promulgated in accordance with the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act
iwg	inches of water gauge
km	kilometers
lb/hr	pounds per hour
lb/qtr	pound per quarter
m	meters
MACT	Maximum Achievable Control Technology
mg/dscm	milligrams per dry standard cubic meter
MMBtu	million British thermal units
MMscf	million standard cubic feet
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standard
NESHAP	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NO <sub>2</sub>	nitrogen dioxide
NO <sub>x</sub>	nitrogen oxides
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards

O&M	operation and maintenance
O <sub>2</sub>	oxygen
PAH	polyaromatic hydrocarbons
PC	permit condition
PCB	polychlorinated biphenyl
PERF	Portable Equipment Relocation Form
PM	particulate matter
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 2.5 micrometers
PM <sub>10</sub>	particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 micrometers
POM	polycyclic organic matter
ppm	parts per million
ppmw	parts per million by weight
PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration
psig	pounds per square inch gauge
PTC	permit to construct
PTC/T2	permit to construct and Tier II operating permit
PTE	potential to emit
PW	process weight rate
RAP	recycled asphalt pavement
RFO	reprocessed fuel oil
RICE	reciprocating internal combustion engines
<i>Rules</i>	<i>Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho</i>
scf	standard cubic feet
SCL	significant contribution limits
SIP	State Implementation Plan
SM	synthetic minor
SM80	synthetic minor facility with emissions greater than or equal to 80% of a major source threshold
SO <sub>2</sub>	sulfur dioxide
SO <sub>x</sub>	sulfur oxides
T/day	tons per calendar day
T/hr	tons per hour
T/yr	tons per consecutive 12 calendar month period
T2	Tier II operating permit
TAP	toxic air pollutants
TEQ	toxicity equivalent
T-RACT	Toxic Air Pollutant Reasonably Available Control Technology
ULSD	ultra-low sulfur diesel
U.S.C.	United States Code
VOC	volatile organic compounds
yd <sup>3</sup>	cubic yards
µg/m <sup>3</sup>	micrograms per cubic meter

## **FACILITY INFORMATION**

### ***Description***

Jack B Parson Companies operates an existing concrete batch plant which is located at 655 E. Industrial Place in Soda Springs, ID. The concrete batch plant consists of storage bins for the sand and gravel, a storage silo for the cement, weigh bins that weigh each component, a conveyor, a water supply, and a control panel. Sand and gravel are either produced on site or purchased elsewhere. Typically, three or four different mixes of gravel and one or two different sizes of sand are stockpiled for various job specifications. Cement is delivered by truck and pneumatically transferred to its storage silo. A baghouse is mounted above the silo to capture cement as air is displaced in the silo. For this source category, the baghouse is considered process equipment primarily, and air pollution control equipment secondarily. Electricity to operate the facility is provided by the local utility.

After all the storage bins are filled, the production process begins when sand and gravel are drop-fed into their respective weigh bins. A pre-determined amount of sand and gravel is weighed and drop-fed onto an inclined conveyor, which transfers the mixture into a concrete truck. A pre-determined amount of cement is also weighed and drop-fed through a rubber chute into the concrete truck, the rubber chute directing the cement and providing a measure of dust control. Sometimes, a separate baghouse is used to capture cement dust from the cement weigh bin. Water is then added, and the components are mixed in the truck on the way to the job site.

### ***Permitting History***

The following information was derived from a review of the permit files available to DEQ. Permit status is noted as active and in effect (A) or superseded (S).

July 28, 2006	T2-060307, Tier II operating permit, Permit status (A, expired on July 28, 2011, but will become S upon issuance of this permit)
March 5, 2001	029-00009, Tier II operating permit, Permit status (expired on March 5, 2006)

### ***Application Scope***

This permitting project is to convert an existing Tier 2 operating permit into a Permit to Construct. There is no proposed change in emissions units or potential emissions at the facility as a result of this project.

### ***Application Chronology***

April 4, 2013	DEQ received an application and an application fee.
April 30, 2013	DEQ determined that the application was complete.
May 28, 2013	DEQ made available the draft permit and statement of basis for applicant review.
June 6, 2013	DEQ received the permit processing fee.
June 20, 2013	DEQ issued the final permit and statement of basis.

## TECHNICAL ANALYSIS

### *Emissions Units and Control Equipment*

Table 1 EMISSIONS UNIT AND CONTROL EQUIPMENT INFORMATION

Source ID No.	Sources	Control Equipment	Emission Point ID No.
N/A	<u>Portable Concrete Batch Plant</u> Manufacturer: Johnson Model: ND5yrd Maximum Capacity (cy/hr): 60	<u>Cement Storage Silo Baghouse</u> Capture Efficiency: 99.9%	Cement Storage Silo Baghouse Exhaust Exit height: 35 ft (10.67 m) Exit diameter: 2.44 ft (0.74 m) Exit flow rate: 400 acfm

### *Emissions Inventories*

As discussed previously, there is no proposed change in emissions units or potential emissions at the facility as a result of this project. Therefore, no emissions calculations were performed for this project and facility-wide emissions are assumed to be those calculated for the March 5, 2001 project for permit 029-00009.

### *Ambient Air Quality Impact Analyses*

As discussed previously, there is no proposed change in emissions units or potential emissions at the facility as a result of this project. Therefore, an ambient air quality impact analysis was not performed for this project per DEQ policy.

## REGULATORY ANALYSIS

### *Attainment Designation (40 CFR 81.313)*

The facility is located in Caribou County, which is designated as attainment or unclassifiable for PM<sub>2.5</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO, and Ozone. Refer to 40 CFR 81.313 for additional information.

### *Facility Classification*

As discussed previously, there is no proposed change in emissions units or potential emissions at the facility as a result of this project. Therefore, the facility classification is not changing as a result of this project.

### *Permit to Construct (IDAPA 58.01.01.201)*

IDAPA 58.01.01.201 Permit to Construct Required

The permittee has requested that a PTC be issued to the facility for the proposed existing unmodified emissions source. Therefore, a permit to construct is required to be issued in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.220. This permitting action was processed in accordance with the procedures of IDAPA 58.01.01.200-228.

### *Tier II Operating Permit (IDAPA 58.01.01.401)*

IDAPA 58.01.01.401 Tier II Operating Permit

The application was submitted to convert a Tier II operating permit to a Permit to Construct (refer to the Permit to Construct section). Therefore, the procedures of IDAPA 58.01.01.400-410 were not applicable to this permitting action.

### *Registration Procedures and Requirements for Portable Equipment (IDAPA 58.01.01.500)*

IDAPA 58.01.01.500 Registration Procedures and Requirements for Portable Equipment

This facility is subject to the State of Idaho reporting requirements for portable equipment. This requirement is assured by Permit Condition 2.8.

### **Visible Emissions (IDAPA 58.01.01.625)**

IDAPA 58.01.01.625

Visible Emissions

The sources of PM<sub>10</sub> emissions at this facility are subject to the State of Idaho visible emissions standard of 20% opacity. This requirement is assured by Permit Condition 2.2.

### **Rules for Control of Fugitive Dust (IDAPA 58.01.01.650)**

IDAPA 58.01.01.650

Rules for Control of Fugitive Dust

The sources of fugitive dust emissions at this facility are subject to the State of Idaho Rules for Control Fugitive Dust. This requirement is assured by Permit Conditions 2.3, 2.5, and 2.7.

### **Title V Classification (IDAPA 58.01.01.300, 40 CFR Part 70)**

IDAPA 58.01.01.301

Requirement to Obtain Tier I Operating Permit

As discussed previously, there is no proposed change in emissions units or potential emissions at the facility as a result of this project. Therefore, the facility will not be reclassified as requiring a Title V permit as a result of this project.

### **PSD Classification (40 CFR 52.21)**

40 CFR 52.51

Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality

The facility is not a major stationary source as defined in 40 CFR 52.21(b)(1), nor is it undergoing any physical change at a stationary source not otherwise qualifying under paragraph 40 CFR 52.21(b)(1) as a major stationary source, that would constitute a major stationary source by itself as defined in 40 CFR 52. Therefore in accordance with 40 CFR 52.21(a)(2), PSD requirements are not applicable to this permitting action. The facility is not a designated facility as defined in 40 CFR 52.21(b)(1)(i)(a), and does not have facility-wide emissions of any criteria pollutant that exceed 250 T/yr.

### **NSPS Applicability (40 CFR 60)**

The facility is not subject to any NSPS requirements 40 CFR Part 60.

### **NESHAP Applicability (40 CFR 61)**

The facility is not subject to any NESHAP requirements in 40 CFR 61.

### **MACT Applicability (40 CFR 63)**

The facility is not subject to any MACT standards in 40 CFR Part 63.

### **Permit Conditions Review**

This section describes the permit conditions for this initial permit or only those permit conditions that have been added, revised, modified or deleted as a result of this permitting action.

There are no changes in the permit conditions in this new permit compared to the previous permit except for permit condition 1.3 which explains that this new permit replaces the previous Tier II permit.

## **PUBLIC REVIEW**

### **Public Comment Opportunity**

Because this permitting action does not authorize an increase in emissions, an opportunity for public comment period was not required or provided in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.209.04 or IDAPA 58.01.01.404.04.

## APPENDIX A – FACILITY DRAFT COMMENTS

**The following comments were received from the facility on June 28, 2013:**

**Facility Comment:** I (Pat Clark) had one comment on the SOB under Description: please replace "cement" with "concrete" as shown below: "After all the storage bins are filled, the production process begins when sand and gravel are drop-fed into their respective weigh bins. A pre-determined amount of sand and gravel is weighed and drop-fed onto an inclined conveyor, which transfers the mixture into a ~~cement~~ concrete truck. A pre-determined amount of cement is also weighed and drop-fed through a rubber chute into the ~~cement~~ concrete truck, the rubber chute directing the cement and providing a measure of dust control. Sometimes, a separate baghouse is used to capture cement dust from the cement weigh bin. Water is then added, and the components are mixed in the truck on the way to the job site.

**DEQ Response:** The requested change will be made the SOB as requested.

## **APPENDIX B – PROCESSING FEE**