

DEFINITIONS

DEFINITIONS

The following definitions are presented to clarify meaning of alternative systems and rules.

AGGREGATE: (1) primary soil particles that cohere to each other more strongly than other surrounding particles. (2) Crushed rock or gravel screened to sizes for various uses as used in Rule (*IDAPA*- 58.01.03.008.08.) (See media).

ATTACHED-GROWTH PROCESS: configuration wherein the microorganisms responsible for treatment colonize a fixed medium; (see also suspended-growth process).

BEDROOM:

a. Any room within a dwelling that is used primarily for sleeping and consists of the following elements.

- i. Floor space of at least (100) square feet:
- ii. Provides privacy to the occupants:
- iii. One (1) or more interior means of ingress/egress, not through a room already classified as a bedroom:

and

iv. One (1) or more windows or additional means of ingress/egress that meet jurisdictional building code requirements(s) applicable to bedrooms.

b. Any room shall be considered as a portion of an adjoining room when at least one-half (1/2) of the area of the common wall is open and unobstructed.

c. An unfinished basement shall qualify as a minimum of one (1) bedroom so long as Subsections 003.04.a.iii and 003.04.a.iv are satisfied.

d. A room identified on building plans that meet the conditions of Subsection 003.04.a. such as a “den”, “office”, “library”, “sewing room”, or “craft room” shall be considered a bonus room. A bonus room shall be considered a bedroom except as follows:

i. Dwellings with four (4) or five (5) bedrooms will be allowed one (1) bonus room not to be counted as a bedroom:

or

ii. Dwellings with six (6) or more bedrooms will be allowed two (2) bonus rooms not to be counted as bedrooms.

COMPONENT: a subsection of a treatment train or system (see also part and device).

DEVICE: subunit of a component (see also part and component).

DISTAL PRESSURE: design and operational parameter measured at the furthest point from the dosing device in a pressurized system; typically expressed in vertical feet of head.

MEDIA: solid material that can be described by shape, dimensions, surface area, void space and application.

MEDIA, DISTRIBUTION: material used to provide void space (usually in a dispersal component) through which effluent flows and is stored prior to infiltration (e.g. washed stone, aggregate, polystyrene blocks, chambers, etc.).

MODULE: consists of one (1) primary drain field, one (1) secondary drain field with a design flow equal to that of the primary drain field, and one (1) reserve area capable of handling the same design flow as the primary drain field (*IDAPA*- 58.01.03.004.06). The primary drain field in any module may be designed for flows up to a maximum of ten thousand (10,000) gallons per day and the *module* shall not receive more than ten thousand (10,000) gallons per day (*IDAPA*- 58.01.03.013.03).

PART: subunit of a device (see also device and component).

SUSPENDED-GROWTH PROCESS: configuration wherein the microorganisms responsible for treatment are maintained in suspension within a liquid.