



Idaho Department of Environmental Quality Final §401 Water Quality Certification

June 22, 2012

404 Permit Application Number: NWW-2012-156-I02

Applicant/Authorized Agent: Lin Hintze/Custer County/Karma Bragg

Project Location: 44° 32' 55" N, 113° 54' 58" W

Receiving Water Body: Sulphur Creek, tributary to Pahsimeroi River

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 401(a)(1) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act), as amended; 33 U.S.C. Section 1341(a)(1); and Idaho Code §§ 39-101 et seq. and 39-3601 et seq., the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) has authority to review activities receiving Section 404 dredge and fill permits and issue water quality certification decisions.

Based upon its review of the joint application for permit, received from the applicant on May 9, 2012, DEQ certifies that if the permittee complies with the terms and conditions imposed by the permit along with the conditions set forth in this water quality certification, then there is reasonable assurance the activity will comply with the applicable requirements of Sections 301, 302, 303, 306, and 307 of the Clean Water Act, the Idaho Water Quality Standards (WQS) (IDAPA 58.01.02), and other appropriate water quality requirements of state law.

This certification does not constitute authorization of the permitted activities by any other state or federal agency or private person or entity. This certification does not excuse the permit holder from the obligation to obtain any other necessary approvals, authorizations, or permits.

Project Description

Purpose of the project is to provide improved passage conditions for endangered anadromous salmon and steelhead in Sulphur Creek. The project involves removing a four foot diameter culvert and replacing it with a steel beam bridge. A four foot wide water measurement weir upstream of the road, and two ditch diversions downstream of the road will be eliminated. 550 feet of the Sulphur Creek stream channel, which have been modified due to the presence of these structures, will be rehabilitated.

Antidegradation Review

The WQS contain an antidegradation policy providing three levels of protection to water bodies in Idaho (IDAPA 58.01.02.051).

- Tier 1 Protection. The first level of protection applies to all water bodies subject to Clean Water Act jurisdiction and ensures that existing uses of a water body and the level of water quality necessary to protect those existing uses will be maintained and protected (IDAPA 58.01.02.051.01; 58.01.02.052.01). Additionally, a Tier 1 review is performed for all new or reissued permits or licenses (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.05).
- Tier 2 Protection. The second level of protection applies to those water bodies considered high quality and ensures that no lowering of water quality will be allowed unless deemed necessary to accommodate important economic or social development (IDAPA 58.01.02.051.02; 58.01.02.052.06).
- Tier 3 Protection. The third level of protection applies to water bodies that have been designated outstanding resource waters and requires that activities not cause a lowering of water quality (IDAPA 58.01.02.051.03; 58.01.02.052.07).

DEQ is employing a water body by water body approach to implementing Idaho's antidegradation policy. This approach means that any water body fully supporting its beneficial uses will be considered high quality (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.05). Any water body not fully supporting its beneficial uses will be provided Tier 1 protection for that use, unless specific circumstances warranting Tier 2 protection are met (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.c). The most recent federally approved Integrated Report and supporting data are used to determine support status and the tier of protection (IDAPA 58.01.02.052.05).

Pollutants of Concern

The primary pollutant of concern for this project is sediment. As part of the Section 401 water quality certification, DEQ is requiring the applicant comply with various conditions to protect water quality and to meet Idaho WQS, including the water quality criteria applicable to sediment.

Receiving Water Body Level of Protection

The proposed activity is located within the Pahsimeroi Subbasin assessment unit (AU) ID 17060202SL002_02 (Meadow Creek to Patterson Creek).

The cold water aquatic life use in this Sulphur Creek AU is not fully supported due to combined biota/habitat assessment, excess sediment, siltation and water temperature (2010 Integrated Report). As such, DEQ will provide Tier 1 protection for the aquatic life use and for the recreation beneficial use (Idaho Code § 39-3603(2)(b)).

Protection and Maintenance of Existing Uses (Tier 1 Protection)

As noted above, a Tier 1 review is performed for all new or reissued permits or licenses, applies to all waters subject to the jurisdiction of the Clean Water Act, and requires demonstration that existing uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect existing uses shall be maintained and protected. The numeric and narrative criteria in the WQS are set at levels that ensure protection of designated beneficial uses.

Water bodies not supporting existing or designated beneficial uses must be identified as water quality limited, and a total maximum daily load (TMDL) must be prepared for those pollutants

causing impairment. This watershed was addressed in DEQ's Pahsimeroi Subbasin Assessment and TMDLs, approved in 2001. Currently, the TMDL Addendum, which addresses all impaired waters added to the impaired waterbodies list since 2001 is under development by DEQ staff.

During the construction phase, the applicant will implement, install, maintain, monitor, and adaptively manage best management practices (BMPs) directed toward reducing erosion and minimizing turbidity levels in receiving water bodies downstream of the project. A bypass channel, 580' long, will be constructed to divert Sulphur Creek around the project site. The channel will be lined with plastic. A coffer dam will be constructed out of concrete block or similar material to divert the creek into the bypass channel. A temporary road, gravel surfaced, will be built to bypass traffic around the site. A temporary culvert will be installed where the road crosses the bypass channel. The existing 4' diameter culvert will be removed, & a 30' steel beam bridge installed. 550 feet of stream channel will be modified to remove a water measuring weir and 2 ditch diversions. The modified channel slope will match the existing channel slope upstream and downstream of the road. The new roadway will be 18" higher at the bridge, and 650' of Custer road will be re-built to match the new bridge elevation. A 15' wide berm, 360 feet long, will be constructed on the east side of the creek to ensure Sulphur Creek stays in the existing channel. As long as the project is conducted in accordance with the provisions of the project plans, Section 404 permit, and conditions of this certification, then there is reasonable assurance the project will comply with the state's numeric and narrative criteria. These criteria are set at levels that protect and maintain designated and existing beneficial uses.

Conditions Necessary to Ensure Compliance with Water Quality Standards or Other Appropriate Water Quality Requirements of State Law

General Conditions

1. This certification is conditioned upon the requirement that any modification (e.g., change in BMPs, work windows, etc.) of the permitted activity shall first be provided to DEQ for review to determine compliance with Idaho WQS and to provide additional certification pursuant to Section 401. Such modifications may not be implemented until DEQ has determined whether additional certification is necessary.
2. DEQ reserves the right to modify, amend, or revoke this certification if DEQ determines that, due to changes in relevant circumstances—including without limitation, changes in project activities, the characteristics of the receiving water bodies, or state WQS—there is no longer reasonable assurance of compliance with WQS or other appropriate requirements of state law.
3. If ownership of the project changes, the certification holder shall notify DEQ, in writing, upon transferring this ownership or responsibility for compliance with these conditions to another person or party. The new owner/operator shall request, in writing, the transfer of this water quality certification to his/her name.
4. A copy of this certification must be kept on the job site and readily available for review by any contractor working on the project and any federal, state, or local government personnel.

5. Project areas shall be clearly identified in the field prior to initiating land-disturbing activities to ensure avoidance of impacts to waters of the US beyond project footprints.
6. The applicant shall provide access to the project site and all mitigation sites upon request by DEQ personnel for site inspections, monitoring, and/or to ensure that conditions of this certification are being met.
7. The applicant is responsible for all work done by contractors and must ensure the contractors are informed of and follow all the conditions described in this certification and the Section 404 permit.

Erosion and Sediment Control

1. BMPs for sediment and erosion control suitable to prevent exceedances of state WQS shall be selected and installed before starting construction at the site. One resource that may be used in evaluating appropriate BMPs is DEQ's *Catalog of Stormwater Best Management Practices for Idaho Cities and Counties*, available online at <http://www.deq.idaho.gov/media/494058-entire.pdf>. Other resources may also be used for selecting appropriate BMPs.
2. One of the first construction activities shall be placing permanent and/or temporary erosion and sediment control measures around the perimeter of the project or initial work areas to protect the project water resources.
3. BMPs such as truck or wheel washes, if needed, must be used when earth-moving equipment will be leaving the site and traveling on paved surfaces.

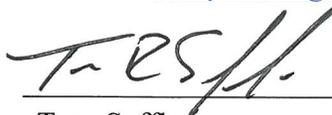
Turbidity

1. Sediment resulting from this activity must be mitigated to prevent violations of the turbidity standard as stipulated under the Idaho WQS (IDAPA 58.01.02). Any violation of this standard must be reported to the DEQ regional office immediately.
2. Turbidity monitoring must be conducted and recorded as described below. Monitoring must occur each day during project implementation. A properly and regularly calibrated turbidimeter is recommended, but visual observation is acceptable. The applicant shall contact Troy Saffle to coordinate the monitoring activities and details.
3. Turbidity monitoring must be reported. Copies of daily logs for turbidity monitoring must be available to DEQ upon request. The log must include background measurements (in NTUs) or observations; compliance point measurements or observations; comparison of background and compliance point monitoring as a numeric value (in NTUs) or in narrative form; and location, time, and date for each sampling event. The report must describe all exceedances and subsequent actions taken, monitoring, and the effectiveness of the action.

Right to Appeal Final Certification

The final Section 401 Water Quality Certification may be appealed by submitting a petition to initiate a contested case, pursuant to Idaho Code § 39-107(5) and the “Rules of Administrative Procedure before the Board of Environmental Quality” (IDAPA 58.01.23), within 35 days of the date of the final certification.

Questions or comments regarding the actions taken in this certification should be directed to Troy Saffle, Idaho Falls Regional Office, 208.528.2650, troy.saffle@deq.idaho.gov .



Troy Saffle

Regional Manager

Idaho Falls Regional Office