



STATE OF IDAHO
DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

1410 North Hilton • Boise, Idaho 83706 • (208) 373-0502

C.L. "Butch" Otter, Governor
Toni Hardesty, Director

January 20, 2011

Luke Coats, Sales Manager
Triple C Concrete
PO Box 35
224 Read Avenue
Rupert, Idaho 83350

RE: Facility ID No. 777-00499, Triple C Concrete, Rupert
Final Permit Letter

Dear Mr. Coats:

The Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) is issuing Permit to Construct (PTC) No. P-2010.0184 Project 60670 to Triple C Concrete located at Rupert for a General Concrete Batch Plant permit. This PTC is issued in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.200 through 228 (Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho) and is based on the certified information provided in your PTC application received December 14, 2010.

This permit is effective immediately. This permit does not release Triple C Concrete from compliance with all other applicable federal, state, or local laws, regulations, permits, or ordinances.

In order to fully understand the compliance requirements of this permit, DEQ highly recommends that you schedule a meeting with Steve VanZandt, Air Quality Compliance Officer, at (208) 736-2190 to review and discuss the terms and conditions of this permit. Should you choose to schedule this meeting, DEQ recommends that the following representatives attend the meeting: your facility's plant manager, responsible official, environmental contact, and any other staff responsible for day-to-day compliance with permit conditions.

Pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.23, you, as well as any other entity, may have the right to appeal this final agency action within 35 days of the date of this decision. However, prior to filing a petition for a contested case, I encourage you to contact Harbi Elshafei at (208) 373-0502 or harbi.elshafei@deq.idaho.gov to address any questions or concerns you may have with the enclosed permit.

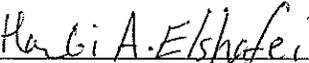
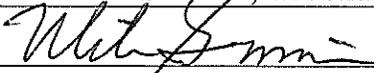
Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Mike Simon".

Mike Simon
Stationary Source Program Manager
Air Quality Division

MS\HE

Permit No. P-2010.0184 PROJ 60670

<p style="text-align: center;">Air Quality PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT State of Idaho Department of Environmental Quality</p>	PERMIT	CLASS	SIC
	P-2010.0184	SM	3273
	FACILITY ID	AQCR	NAICS
	777-00499	Portable	327320
	ZONE	UTM COORDINATES (km)	
Portable	Portable	Portable	
PERMITTEE			
Triple C Concrete			
PROJECT			
Project No. 60670, Initial Concrete Batch Plant General Permit			
MAILING ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP
PO Box 95, 224 Read Ave.	Rupert	ID	83350
FACILITY CONTACT	TITLE	TELEPHONE	
Luke Coats	Sales Manager	(208) 436-9373	
RESPONSIBLE	TITLE	TELEPHONE	
Luke Coats	Sales Manager	(208) 436-9373	
EXACT PLANT LOCATION		COUNTY	
Portable		Portable	
GENERAL NATURE OF BUSINESS & KINDS OF PRODUCTS			
Concrete Batch Plant			
PERMIT AUTHORITY			
<p>This permit is issued according to the Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho, IDAPA 58.01.01.200 through 228, and pertains only to emissions of air contaminants regulated by the state of Idaho and to the sources specifically allowed to be constructed or modified by this permit.</p> <p>This permit (a) does not affect the title of the premises upon which the equipment is to be located; (b) does not release the permittee from any liability for any loss due to damage to person or property caused by, resulting from, or arising out of the design, installation, maintenance, or operation of the proposed equipment; (c) does not release the permittee from compliance with other applicable federal, state, tribal, or local laws, regulations, or ordinances; (d) in no manner implies or suggests that the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) or its officers, agents, or employees, assume any liability, directly or indirectly, for any loss due to damage to person or property caused by, resulting from, or arising out of design, installation, maintenance, or operation of the proposed equipment.</p> <p>This permit will expire if construction has not begun within two years of its issue date or if construction is suspended for one year.</p> <p>This permit has been granted on the basis of design information presented with its application. Changes in design, equipment or operations may be considered a modification. Modifications are subject to DEQ review in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.200 through 228 of the Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho.</p>			
 HARBI ELSHAFEI, PERMIT WRITER		DATE ISSUED	January 20, 2011
 MIKE SIMON, STATIONARY SOURCE MANAGER			

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PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT SCOPE

Purpose

1. This permitting action is for issuing a General Concrete Batch Plant (CBP).
2. The emission sources regulated by this permit are listed in the following table.

Table 1 REGULATED SOURCES

Source Descriptions	Emission Controls
<u>Concrete Batch Plant – Truck Mix</u> Manufacturer: Stephens Model: Stall10YD.150 T-4 Manufacture Date: 1993 Maximum capacity: 125 cy/hr; 1000 cy/day; 250,000 cy/yr Maximum production: 500 cy/day and 100,000 cy/year	<u>Cement Storage Silo Baghouse No. 1^a:</u> Manufacturer: Belgrade Model: Belle 225
	<u>Cement Supplement Storage Silo Flyash Baghouse No. 2^a:</u> Manufacturer: Belgrade Model: Belle 225
	<u>Weigh Batcher Boot Baghouse:</u> Manufacturer: Stephens Model: SV-20 Control Efficiency: 99%
	<u>Truck Load-out Boot</u> Boot with water ring spray Control Efficiency: 99%
	<u>Material Transfer Point Water Sprays or Equivalent</u> Control Efficiency: 95%
<u>Natural Gas Water Heaters (or equivalent)^b</u> Maximum Rating: 1 MMBtu/hr Maximum Fuel Usage: 2.6 MMscf/yr (combined for two heaters)	No control devices

- a. Both the storage silo baghouse and supplement storage silo flyash baghouse are considered process equipment. Therefore, there is no associated control efficiency. PM₁₀ controlled emission factors were used when determining PTE and for modeling purposes.
- b. "or equivalent" is defined as equipment which has an equivalent than listed in this table, which does not result in an increase in emissions, and which does not result in the emission of a toxic air pollutant not previously emitted.

FACILITY WIDE CONDITIONS

Fuel Specifications

3. **Allowable Fuels – Water Heater(s)**

The Water Heater(s) shall combust only natural gas fuel.

Fuel Burning Equipment

4. **PM Emission Limits – Water Heater(s)**

The permittee shall not discharge PM to the atmosphere from any fuel-burning equipment source in excess of 0.015 gr/dscf of effluent gas corrected to 3% oxygen by volume for gas, as required in IDAPA 58.01.01.677.

Fugitive Dust Control

5. **Reasonable Control of Fugitive Dust Emissions**

The permittee shall control fugitive emissions generated by operations associated with the CBP to ensure that visible fugitive emissions do not extend beyond the facility property boundary. Visible fugitive emissions shall be determined using see/no see observations.

All reasonable precautions shall be taken to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.650-651. In determining what is reasonable, consideration will be given to factors such as the proximity of dust emitting operations to human habitations and/or activities and atmospheric conditions that might affect the movement of PM. Some of the reasonable precautions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Use, where practical, of water or chemicals for control of dust in the demolition of existing buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of lands.
- Application, where practical, of asphalt, water, or suitable chemicals to, or covering of, dirt roads, material stockpiles, and other surfaces which can create dust.
- Installation and use, where practical, of hoods, fans, and fabric filters or equivalent systems to enclose and vent the handling of dusty materials. Adequate containment methods should be employed during sandblasting or other operations.
- Covering, when practical, of open bodied trucks transporting materials likely to give rise to airborne dusts.
- Paving of roadways and their maintenance in a clean condition, where practical.
- Prompt removal of earth or other stored material from streets, where practical.

6. **Fugitive Dust Control – Best Management Practices**

The permittee shall immediately implement a strategy or strategies to control fugitive dust emissions whenever:

- Visible fugitive emissions generated by activities associated with this CBP are observed leaving the facility boundary.
- Visible emissions shall be determined on a see/no see basis.

For the purpose of the following conditions, if any visible fugitive emissions are present from these sources for the duration described below, the permittee shall either take appropriate corrective action as expeditiously as practicable, or perform a Method 22 visible emissions (VE) test.

- Visible fugitive emissions are greater than 20% from any transfer point. For the purposes of this permit condition, transfer points include, but are not limited to, the following: transfer of sand and aggregate to respective weight bins/hoppers or storage bins/hoppers; transfer of sand and aggregate from respective weight bins/hoppers or storage bins/hoppers to a conveyor; transfer of sand and aggregate from a conveyor to the mixer; and transfer of cement and cement supplement from the storage silo to the mixer.
- Transfer point control strategies for this facility shall include providing manual water spray capability or installing, operating, and maintaining industry specific water spray bars at transfer points, and may also include limiting drop heights such that there is a homogeneous flow of material.
- Visible fugitive emissions from wind erosion on stockpiles exceed 20% opacity for a period or periods aggregating more than one minute in any 60-minute period. Reasonable stockpile wind erosion control strategies for this facility include, but are not limited to, limiting the height of the stockpiles, limiting the disturbance of stockpiles or covering the stockpiles during windy conditions, enclosing the piles in a 3-sided bunker or storage bin, and application of water or a chemical dust suppressant onto the surface of the stockpile.
- Visible fugitive emissions from vehicle traffic on any paved or unpaved roads within the facility boundary exceed 20% opacity for a period or periods aggregating more than one minute in any 60-minute period.
- Reasonable control strategies for this facility include but are not limited to limiting vehicle traffic, limiting vehicle speed, application of water or a chemical dust suppressant to the surface of the road, application of gravel to the surface of unpaved roads, sweeping or water sprays to clean the surface of a paved road, and grates, water washes, or other suitable methods to prevent track-out onto paved roads.

Fugitive Dust Control Monitoring and Recordkeeping

7. Fugitive Dust Monitoring

Each day that the facility is operated, the permittee shall conduct a facility-wide inspection of potential sources of fugitive emissions (e.g., stockpiles, transfer points, etc.) during daylight hours and under normal operating conditions to ensure that the methods used to reasonably control fugitive emissions are effective. If fugitive emissions are not being reasonably controlled, the permittee shall take corrective action as expeditiously as practicable. The permittee shall maintain records of the results of each fugitive emissions inspection. The records shall include, at a minimum, the date of each inspection and a description of the following: the permittee's assessment of the conditions existing at the time fugitive emissions were present (if observed), hours of operation (start & stop) of water, or chemical dust suppressant, application systems, hours of operation of each material handling equipment, certification of data recordkeeping in accordance with general provisions and any corrective action taken in response to the fugitive emissions, and the date the corrective action was taken.

Each time fugitive dust emissions trigger correction of a dust control strategy or implementation of additional dust control strategies, the permittee shall monitor and record the trigger, the corrective action used, and the results achieved from the use of that control strategy or strategies.

Opacity

8. **Opacity Limit**

Emissions from any baghouse stack or from any stack, vent, or other functionally equivalent opening associated with the concrete batch plant shall not exceed 20% opacity for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period as required in IDAPA 58.01.01.625. Opacity shall be determined by the procedures contained in IDAPA 58.01.01.625.

Visible Emissions Monitoring and Recordkeeping

9. **Visible Emission/Opacity Monitoring**

Each month that the facility is operated, the permittee shall conduct a facility-wide inspection of potential sources of visible emissions (e.g., baghouses, stack equipment, water heater exhaust stacks etc.) during daylight hours and under normal operating conditions. The inspection shall consist of a see/no see evaluation for each potential source of visible emissions. If any visible emissions are present from any point of emission, the permittee shall either:

a) Take appropriate corrective action as expeditiously as practicable to eliminate the visible emissions. Within 24 hours of the initial see/no see evaluation and after the corrective action, the permittee shall conduct a see/no see evaluation of the emissions point in question. If the visible emissions are not eliminated, the permittee shall comply with b).

or

b) Perform a Method 9 opacity test in accordance with the procedures outlined in IDAPA 58.01.01.625. The Method 9 test shall be performed by a certified observer. A minimum of 30 observations shall be recorded when conducting the opacity test. If opacity is greater than 20%, as measured using Method 9, for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period, the permittee shall take all necessary corrective action and report the exceedance in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.130-136.

The permittee shall maintain records of the results of each visible emission inspection and each opacity test when conducted. The records shall include, at a minimum, the date and results of each inspection and test and a description of the following: the permittee's assessment of the conditions existing at the time visible emissions are present (if observed), any corrective action taken in response to the visible emissions, and the date corrective action was taken.

Odors

10. **Odors**

In accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.776.01, the permittee shall not allow, suffer, cause, or permit the emission of odorous gases, liquids, or solids into the atmosphere in such quantities as to cause air pollution.

11. **Odor Complaints**

The permittee shall maintain records of all odor complaints received. The permittee shall take appropriate corrective action as expeditiously as practicable after receipt of a complaint. The records shall include, at a minimum, the date each complaint was received and a description of the following: the complaint, the permittee's assessment of the validity of the complaint, any corrective action taken, and the date the corrective action was taken.

Nonattainment Areas

12. **Nonattainment Area Operations**

The permittee shall not relocate and operate any equipment in any nonattainment area. Contact DEQ for current nonattainment area status and more specific details about the nonattainment area boundaries. The geographical locations of nonattainment area in Idaho may be found online at the DEQ website.

Co-location

13. **Co-location Operations**

The emissions sources listed for this CBP shall only co-locate with one (1) permitted rock crushing facility.

Reporting Requirements

14. **Relocation Operations**

At least 10 days prior to relocation of any equipment covered by this permit, the permittee shall submit a scaled plot plan and a complete Portable Equipment Relocation Form (PERF) in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.500, to the following address or fax number:

PERF Processing Unit
DEQ – Air Quality
1410 N. Hilton
Boise, ID 83706-1255
Phone: (208) 373-0502
Fax: (208) 373-0340

The scaled plot plan shall show the location of any emissions source associated with the concrete batch plant, and distances to any area outside of a building where the general public has access, including property boundaries.

Electronic copies of the PERF may be obtained from DEQ's website in both pdf and Word® versions.

CONCRETE BATCH PLANT

Process Description

15. The facility is a portable truck mix concrete batch plant consisting of aggregate stockpiles, a cement storage silo, a cement supplement (flyash) storage silo, a weigh batcher, and conveyors. The facility combines aggregate, flyash, and cement and transfers the mixture into a truck along with a measured amount of water for in-transit or stationary mixing of the concrete. Power is supplied to the facility via only line power.

16. **Emission Controls Description**

Table 2 CONCRETE BATCH PLANT DESCRIPTION

Emissions Units / Processes	Emission Control Devices
Cement Storage Silo	Baghouse ^a
Cement Supplement Storage Silo Flyash	Baghouse ^a
Weigh Batcher	Baghouse ^a
Truck Loading	Boot with water ring
Material Transfer (Fugitives)	Industry Specific Water sprays or equivalent
Natural Gas Water Heater	None

a. The baghouses are considered process equipment.

Operating Requirements

17. **Concrete Production Limits**

The concrete production rate shall not exceed the limits set forth in the following table in any one (1) day (cy/day) or consecutive 12-calendar month period (cy/yr). The maximum production limit shall be defined by the setback distance available at a given location.

The setback distance shall be defined as the minimum distance from any center of a silo baghouse stack, truck or central mix loading point, weigh batcher transfer point, or other emission point associated with this concrete batch plant to any area outside of a building where there is public access.

Table 3 MAXIMUM PRODUCTION RATE/MINIMUM SETBACK DISTANCE

Minimum Setback Distance (Line Power)	24 ft
Maximum Concrete Production cy/day	500
Maximum Annual Production cy/yr	150,000

18. **Fuel Usage Limit of Water Heaters**

The total annual fuel usage of natural gas for the water heater(s) with total capacity of less than or equal to 5 MMBtu/hr shall not exceed 21.5 MMscf per any consecutive 12-month period.

19. **Installation of Baghouse Filter/Cartridge System**

The permittee shall install, operate and maintain, at all times, baghouses in accordance with the developed procedures document required in this permit to control PM and PM₁₀ emissions from the concrete batch plant.

20. **Installation of Water Spray Ring**

The permittee shall install, operate and maintain, at all times, industry specific water sprays (or equivalent) in accordance with the developed procedures document required in this permit to control PM and PM₁₀ emissions from the concrete batch plant.

21. **Control System Procedures**

The permittee shall have developed a Control System Procedures document for the inspection and operation of the baghouses/filter system which controls emissions from the baghouses, transfer point boots/enclosures, and the transfer point water sprays. The Control System Procedures document shall be a permittee developed document independent of the manufacturer-supplied operating manual but may include summaries of procedures included in the manufacturer supplied operating manual.

The Control System Procedures document shall describe the procedures that will be followed to comply with the maintenance General Provision and shall contain requirements for weekly see-no-see visible emissions inspections of the baghouses. The inspection shall occur during daylight hours and under normal operating conditions.

The Control System Procedures document shall also include a schedule and procedures for corrective action that will be taken if visible emissions are present from the baghouses at anytime. At a minimum the document shall include:

- Procedures to determine if bags or cartridges are ruptured; and
- Procedures to determine if bags or cartridges are not appropriately secured in place.
- Air to Cloth Ratio Certification

The Control System Procedures document shall also include a schedule and procedures for corrective action that will be taken if visible emissions are present from the material transfer points at anytime. At a minimum the document shall include:

- Procedures to determine if spray bar is functioning properly; and
- Procedures to determine if water spray bar is appropriate for the application and secured in place.

The Control System Procedures document shall also include, at a minimum, the following methodology used by the facility to handle fugitive dust emissions:

- Use, where practical, of water, or chemical dust suppressant, by hardpiped, conical deluge, or mist, or equivalent, for control of dust generated as a result of material handling or processing;
- Application and use, where practical and as specified in the application materials, of shrouding of material transfer points;
- Installation and use, where practical, of hoods, fans, and fabric filters or equivalent systems to enclose and vent the handling of dusty materials. Containment methods shall be employed during mixing or drop operations;

The permittee shall maintain records of the results of each control system inspections in accordance with Recordkeeping General Provision. The records shall include a description of whether visible emissions were present and if visible emissions were present a description of the corrective action that was taken.

The Control System Procedures document shall be submitted to DEQ within 60 days of permit issuance to remain on file and shall contain a certification by a responsible official. A copy shall also remain on site. Any permittee or DEQ requested changes to the Control System Procedures document shall be submitted within 15 days of the change.

Air Quality Permit Compliance
Department of Environmental Quality
Twin Falls Regional Office
1363 Fillmore
Twin Falls, Idaho 83301

The Control System Procedures document shall also remain on site at all times and shall be made available to DEQ representatives upon request.

The operating and monitoring requirements specified in the Control System Procedures document are incorporated by reference to this permit and are enforceable permit conditions.

22. **Truck Loadout Emissions Control**

To assure 99% control truck loadout emissions, one of the following control devices shall be installed, maintained and used at all times during loadout procedures.

- a) Install and operate a baghouse in accordance with the developed procedures document in the baghouse system procedures permit condition to control PM and PM₁₀ emissions from truck loadout.

or

- b) Install a water ring or equivalent in conjunction with a sealed boot enclosure. The added water shall be included during truck loadout to help suppress excess dust from escaping during the transfer of material to the truck.

Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

23. **Concrete Production Monitoring**

When operating, the permittee shall monitor and record the daily, monthly, and annual concrete production to demonstrate compliance with the concrete production permit condition. Annual production shall be determined by summing each monthly production total over the previous consecutive 12-month period.

24. **Setback and Atmospheric Monitoring**

The permittee shall physically measure and record the minimum setback distance from the property boundary line to the closest emissions stack:

- Each time the concrete batch plant is relocated, and
- Any time the facility layout is changed in such a way that the minimum setback distance is reduced compared to previous operations at that location.
- Date Time of measurement and documentation of measurement device was used to determine setback. (include documentation of accuracy of measuring device if applicable).

Information recorded shall include, but not be limited to, a brief description of the nearest distance to any area where the general public has access, and the minimum setback distance in meters or feet to an accuracy of plus or minus 6 feet.

The permittee shall determine and record sand and aggregate moisture content in % on a monthly basis.

25. **Water Heaters Fuel Monitoring**

The permittee shall monitor and record monthly the amount of fuel used in the water heaters. This should be completed to demonstrate compliance with the water heaters fuel usage limit. Annual usage shall be determined by calculating the summation of each month over the previous consecutive 12-month period.

PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT GENERAL PROVISIONS

General Compliance

26. The permittee has a continuing duty to comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. All emissions authorized herein shall be consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit and the Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho. The emissions of any pollutant in excess of the limitations specified herein, or noncompliance with any other condition or limitation contained in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this permit and the Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho, and the Environmental Protection and Health Act, Idaho Code §39-101, et seq.
- [Idaho Code §39-101, et seq.]**
27. The permittee shall at all times (except as provided in the Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho) maintain in good working order and operate as efficiently as practicable, all treatment or control facilities or systems installed or used to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit and other applicable Idaho laws for the control of air pollution.
- [IDAPA 58.01.01.211, 5/1/94]**
28. Nothing in this permit is intended to relieve or exempt the permittee from the responsibility to comply with all applicable local, state, or federal statutes, rules and regulations.
- [IDAPA 58.01.01.212.01, 5/1/94]**

Inspection and Entry

29. Upon presentation of credentials, the permittee shall allow DEQ or an authorized representative of DEQ to do the following:
- Enter upon the permittee's premises where an emissions source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under conditions of this permit;
 - Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
 - As authorized by the Idaho Environmental Protection and Health Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of determining or ensuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements.
- [Idaho Code §39-108]**

Construction and Operation Notification

30. The permittee shall furnish EPA written notifications as follows in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.211:
- A notification of the date of initiation of construction, within five working days after occurrence;
 - A notification of the date of any suspension of construction, if such suspension lasts for one year or more;
 - A notification of the anticipated date of initial start-up of the stationary source or facility not more than sixty days or less than thirty days prior to such date;
 - A notification of the actual date of initial start-up of the stationary source or facility within fifteen days after such date; and

- A notification of the initial date of achieving the maximum production rate, within five working days after occurrence - production rate and date.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.211, 5/1/94]

Performance Testing

31. If performance testing (air emissions source test) is required by this permit, the permittee shall provide notice of intent to test to DEQ at least 15 days prior to the scheduled test date or shorter time period as approved by DEQ. DEQ may, at its option, have an observer present at any emissions tests conducted on a source. DEQ requests that such testing not be performed on weekends or state holidays.
32. All performance testing shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures in IDAPA 58.01.01.157. Without prior DEQ approval, any alternative testing is conducted solely at the permittee's risk. If the permittee fails to obtain prior written approval by DEQ for any testing deviations, DEQ may determine that the testing does not satisfy the testing requirements. Therefore, at least 30 days prior to conducting any performance test, the permittee is encouraged to submit a performance test protocol to DEQ for approval. The written protocol shall include a description of the test method(s) to be used, an explanation of any or unusual circumstances regarding the proposed test, and the proposed test schedule for conducting and reporting the test.
33. Within 30 days following the date in which a performance test required by this permit is concluded, the permittee shall submit to DEQ a performance test report. The written report shall include a description of the process, identification of the test method(s) used, equipment used, all process operating data collected during the test period, and test results, as well as raw test data and associated documentation, including any approved test protocol.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.157, 4/5/00]

Monitoring and Recordkeeping

34. The permittee shall maintain sufficient records to ensure compliance with all of the terms and conditions of this permit. Records of monitoring information shall include, but not be limited to the following: (a) the date, place, and times of sampling or measurements; (b) the date analyses were performed; (c) the company or entity that performed the analyses; (d) the analytical techniques or methods used; (e) the results of such analyses; and (f) the operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement. All monitoring records and support information shall be retained for a period of at least five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Supporting information includes, but is not limited to, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation and copies of all reports required by this permit. All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be made available in either hard copy or electronic format to DEQ representatives upon request.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.211, 5/1/94]

Excess Emissions

35. The permittee shall comply with the procedures and requirements of IDAPA 58.01.01.130-136 for excess emissions due to startup, shutdown, scheduled maintenance, safety measures, upsets and breakdowns.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.130-136, 4/5/00]

Certification

36. All documents submitted to DEQ, including, but not limited to, records, monitoring data, supporting information, requests for confidential treatment, testing reports, or compliance certification shall contain a certification by a responsible official. The certification shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document(s) are true, accurate, and complete.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.123, 5/1/94]

False Statements

37. No person shall knowingly make any false statement, representation, or certification in any form, notice, or report required under this permit, or any applicable rule or order in force pursuant thereto.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.125, 3/23/98]

Tampering

38. No person shall knowingly render inaccurate any monitoring device or method required under this permit or any applicable rule or order in force pursuant thereto.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.126, 3/23/98]

Transferability

39. This permit is transferable in accordance with procedures listed in IDAPA 58.01.01.209.06.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.209.06, 4/11/06]

Severability

40. The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.322.15.h, 5/1/94; 40 CFR 70.6(a)(5)]