



STATE OF IDAHO
DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

1410 North Hilton • Boise, Idaho 83706 • (208) 373-0502

C.L. "Butch" Otter, Governor
Toni Hardesty, Director

September 28, 2007

Certified Mail No. 7102 0243 6844 0000 0441

Jeff Weimer
J. D. Lumber, Inc.
P. O. Box 55
Priest River, ID 83856

RE: Facility ID No. 017-00030, JD Lumber, Inc., Priest River
Final Permit Letter

Dear Mr. Weimer:

The Idaho Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) is issuing Permit to Construct (PTC) No. P-2007.0189 to, JD Lumber, Inc., located at Priest River, for revising the facility's existing PTC to limit the emissions of hazardous air pollutants to below the major source thresholds, in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.200 through 228 (Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho).

This permit is based on your permit application received on September 6, 2007. This permit does not release JD Lumber, Inc. from compliance with all other applicable federal, state, or local laws, regulations, permits, or ordinances.

In order to fully understand the compliance requirements of this permit, DEQ highly recommends that you schedule a meeting with Coeur d'Alene Regional Office Representative, Mark Boyle, at (208) 769-1422 to review and discuss the terms and conditions of this permit. Should you choose to schedule this meeting, DEQ recommends the following representatives attend the meeting: your facility's plant manager, responsible official, environmental contact, and any other staff responsible for day-to-day compliance with permit conditions.

Pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.23, you, as well as any other entity, may have the right to appeal this final agency action within 35 days of the date of this decision. However, prior to filing a petition for a contested case, I encourage you to contact Shawnee Chen at (208) 373-0502 or Shawnee.chen@deq.idaho.gov to address any questions or concerns you may have with the enclosed permit.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Mike Simon".

Mike Simon
Stationary Source Program Manager
Air Quality Division

MS\SYC\hp

Project No. P-2007.0189

Enclosures

JD Lumber, Inc., Priest River
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HARD COPY TO FACILITY

- en: Dan Redline, Mark Boyle, Ralph Paul, Vonnie Hendrix, Coeur d'Alene Regional Office
Bill Rogers, Permit Coordinator
Shawnee Chen, P.E., Senior Air Quality Engineer
Marilyn Seymore/ Pat Rayne, AQ Division
Stationary Source Administrative Assistant
- en-web: Laurie Kral, U.S. EPA Region 10
- ec: Jeff Weimer, email address is not available. May use ruthn@jdlumber.com and ask for passing the materials to Jeff.
- c: Reading File (Ltr Only)
Source File
Permit Binder
Bill Rogers, Permit Coordinator (Ltr Only)
Phyllis Heitman, AQ Division (Ltr Only)

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Acronyms, Units, and Chemical Nomenclature

AQCR	Air Quality Control Region
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CO	carbon monoxide
DEQ	Department of Environmental Quality
dscfm	dry standard cubic feet per minute
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
gr	grain (1 lb = 7,000 grains)
HAP	hazardous air pollutant
IDAPA	a numbering designation for all administrative rules in Idaho promulgated in accordance with the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act
km	kilometer
lb/hr	pound per hour
MACT	Maximum Available Control Technology
MMBF	million board feet
MMBtu/hr	million British thermal units per hour
OSU	Oregon State University
O&M	Operations and Maintenance
PM	particulate matter
PM ₁₀	particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 micrometers
PTC	Permit to Construct
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification
SM80	synthetic minor facility with emissions of a regulated pollutant above 80% of the major source threshold
T/yr	tons per year
UTM	Universal Transverse Mercator

AIR QUALITY PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT NUMBER: P-2007.0189

Permittee:	J.D. Lumber, Inc.	Facility ID No. 017-00030
Location:	Priest River, Idaho	

1. PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT SCOPE

Purpose

1.1 This PTC revision establishes enforceable facility-wide limits for hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) to below the respective major source thresholds in order for the facility to become an area source to avoid being subject to Maximum Available Control Technology (MACT) standards for "Plywood and Composite Wood Products", and "Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters".

[9/28/07]

1.2 The following is a chronological history of permits issued at this facility, the terms and conditions of which shall no longer apply:

- PTC No. PTC P-040123, issued August 12, 2005, for an increase in lumber drying kilns' throughput limit from 140 million to 200 million board feet (MMBF) per year, and allows for processing pine species up to 40 MMBF per year
- PTC No. P-020112, issued February 19, 2003, for increasing production, and adding drying kilns and a planer mill to the existing green-lumber mill
- PTC No.0240-0030, issued November 24, 1987, for increasing the height of Olivine waste-wood burner
- PTC No.0240-0030, issued October 15, 1987, for the construction of Olivine waste-wood burner

[9/28/07]

Regulated Sources

Table 1.1 lists all sources of regulated emissions in this PTC.

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Table 1.1 SUMMARY OF REGULATED SOURCES

Permit Section	Source Description	Emissions Control(s)
3	<u>Boiler</u> Rated maximum Heat Input: 89.53 MMBtu/hr* Manufacturer: a combination of a Cleaver Brooks DL-60 boiler for steam generation and a Riley boiler for combustion, both sized to 50,000 lb/hr of steam. Burner type: custom/fabricated Wellons-type fuel cell Stack flow rate: 23,199 dscfm* Fuels: Bark and wood chips	<u>Multiclone</u> Manufacturer: Zurn Efficiency: 99.9% for PM**
4	<u>Kilns</u> Four Carter/Sprague kilns	None
5	<u>Planer cyclone</u> Manufacturer unknown Efficiency: 99.9% for PM**	None
6	<u>Miscellaneous</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Log Debarking • Hog (waste size reduction) operations <u>Transfer</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fuel surge bin material transfer • Chip bin material transfer • Sawdust bin material transfer • Hog fuel bin material transfer • Planer shavings material transfer 	None

*Theoretical values.

**As stated in PTC application 5/22/02.

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2. FACILITY WIDE CONDITIONS

Visible Emissions

- 2.1 The permittee shall not discharge any air pollutant to the atmosphere from any point of emission for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period which is greater than 20% opacity as determined by procedures contained in IDAPA 58.01.01.625. These provisions shall not apply when the presence of uncombined water, nitrogen oxides, and/or chlorine gas is the only reason for the failure of the emission to comply with the requirements of this section.
- 2.2 The permittee shall conduct a monthly facility-wide inspection of potential sources of visible emissions, during daylight hours and under normal operating conditions. The inspection shall consist of a see/no see evaluation for each potential source of visible emissions. If any visible emissions are present from any point of emission, the permittee shall either take appropriate corrective action as expeditiously as practicable, or perform a Method 9 opacity test in accordance with the procedures outlined in IDAPA 58.01.01.625. A minimum of 30 observations shall be recorded when conducting the opacity test. If opacity is greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period, the permittee shall take all necessary corrective action and report the exceedance to the DEQ regional office within 24 hours. The permittee shall maintain records of the results of each visible emission inspection and each opacity test when conducted. The records shall include, at a minimum, the date and results of each inspection and test and a description of the following: the permittee's assessment of the conditions existing at the time visible emissions are present (if observed), any corrective action taken in response to the visible emissions, and the date corrective action was taken.

Facility-wide HAP Emission Limits

2.3 Facility-wide HAP Emission Limits

- 2.3.1 Total facility-wide HAPs emissions shall not exceed 24 T/yr based on a 12-month rolling average. [9/28/07]
- 2.3.2 Any facility-wide individual HAP emissions shall not exceed 9 T/yr based on a 12-month rolling average. [9/28/07]

Facility-wide HAP Emissions Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

2.4 Facility-wide HAP Emission Monitoring and Recordkeeping

- 2.4.1 The permittee shall calculate and record the total facility-wide HAP emissions and facility-wide individual HAP emissions, monthly and annually to demonstrate compliance with Permit Condition 2.3.
- Monthly HAP emissions (tons) shall be determined by multiplying appropriate emission factors (lb/unit) by the recorded monthly operation/production rates (units/month) and dividing by 2000 lb/ton.

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- Annual facility-wide HAP emissions shall be determined by calculating the HAP emissions for each month and adding the HAP emissions over the previous consecutive 11-month period.

2.4.2 The permittee shall monitor and record the wood species, the respective throughput, and the respective maximum kiln temperature monthly. The throughput for each species shall be recorded in million board feet per month (MMBF/month).

2.4.3 The permittee shall use emissions factors listed in Table 2.1, or DEQ-approved alternative emission factor(s) to estimate HAP emissions from lumber drying kilns.

Table 2.1 Kiln Emissions Factors Based on OSU's Data

Species	Max. Kiln Temp. °F	Total HAP lb/MMBF	Methanol lb/MMBF	Formaldehyde lb/MMBF	Acetaldehyde lb/MMBF	Propionaldehyde lb/MMBF	Acrolein lb/MMBF
Hemlock	< 200 °F	199	82	1.24	113	1	1.6
Hemlock	> 200 °F	305	186	3.8	113 ⁽¹⁾	1 ⁽¹⁾	1.6 ⁽¹⁾
Douglas Fir	< 200 °F	97	38	1	57	0.55	0.65
Douglas Fir	> 200 °F	116	57	1 ⁽¹⁾	57 ⁽¹⁾	0.55 ⁽¹⁾	0.65 ⁽¹⁾
White Fir	< 200 °F	240	122	2.8	113 ⁽²⁾	1 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1.6 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
White Fir	> 200 °F	301	183	2.8 ⁽¹⁾	113 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1.6 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
Ponderosa Pine ⁽³⁾	< 200 °F	184	65	2.9	113 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1.6 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
Lodgepole Pine ⁽³⁾	< 200 °F	73.6	55	4	12	1 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1.6 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
Lodgepole Pine ⁽³⁾	> 200 °F	78.6	60	4 ⁽⁶⁾	12 ⁽⁶⁾	1 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1.6 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
Slash Pine ⁽⁴⁾	> 200 °F	215	164	4 ⁽⁵⁾	44.7	1 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	1.6 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Assumes emissions of this HAP not temperature dependent. There is insufficient data to know for sure.

⁽²⁾ Assumes emissions are the same as hemlock

⁽³⁾ Pine is not normally dried at temperatures > 200° F

⁽⁴⁾ No data for Slash Pine dried < 200° F

⁽⁵⁾ Assume to be the same as for Lodgepole Pine

⁽⁶⁾ Assumes emissions the same as for Lodgepole Pine dried at < 200 ° F

[9/28/07]

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Permittee:	J.D. Lumber, Inc.	Facility ID No. 017-00030
Location:	Priest River, Idaho	

3. BOILER

3.1 Process Description

The boiler was fabricated in a Wellons fuel cell configuration, including an economizer, by combining a Cleaver Brooks boiler steam generation system with a Riley boiler combustion chamber. The combined units were configured to produce a maximum 50,000 pounds per hour of steam. Fuel for the boiler is bark, sawdust, and wood chips. Boiler steam is used to dry lumber in four dry kilns.

3.2 Emissions Control Description

The boiler uses a Zurn multiclone to control particulate emissions. The boiler and multiclone emit at the boiler stack.

Emissions Limits

3.3 Emissions Limits

3.3.1 In accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.676, the permittee shall not discharge into the atmosphere from any fuel burning equipment with a maximum rated input of 10 million Btu's per hour or more, and commencing operation on or after October 1, 1979, particulate matter (PM) in excess of the concentrations shown in the following table:

Table 3.1 BOILER PARTICULATE EMISSION LIMIT

Fuel Type	Particulate Matter (gr/dscf)	Emissions Oxygen
Wood Product	0.080	8%

3.3.2 The emissions of Carbon Monoxide (CO) and particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 micrometers (PM₁₀) from the boiler stack shall not exceed any corresponding emissions rate limits listed in Table 3.2.

Table 3.2 BOILER EMISSIONS LIMITS

Source description	PM ₁₀		CO	
	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr
Boiler stack	12.0	52.6	9.88	43.3

[9/28/07]

3.4 Opacity Limit

Emissions from the boiler stack, or any other stack, vent, or functionally equivalent opening associated with the boiler, shall not exceed 20% opacity for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period as required by IDAPA 58.01.01.625. Opacity shall be determined by the procedures contained in IDAPA 58.01.01.625.

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Operating Requirements

3.5 Multiclone

The multiclone shall be operated during all periods of boiler operation.

3.6 Operations and Maintenance Manual Requirements

Within 60 days after issuance of this permit, the permittee shall have developed an O&M manual for the multiclone, which describes the procedures that will be followed to comply with General Provision 2 of this permit and the manufacturer specifications for the multiclone. This manual shall remain onsite at all times and shall be made available to DEQ representatives upon request. The O&M manual shall establish and shall provide for recordkeeping dates of routine maintenance along with operating parameter values. Operating parameter values may include, but are not limited to, optimal volumetric flow rate through the multiclone and pressure drop across the multiclone. This manual shall remain onsite at all times and shall be made available to DEQ representatives upon request.

3.7 Steam Production Limit

Steam production is limited to a maximum of 50,000 lb/hr.

3.8 Steam Production Measuring Device

The permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate, according to manufacturer recommended specification, a steam production measuring device to continuously measure the steam production rate. The manufacturer recommended operating specifications shall remain on site at all times and shall be made available to DEQ representatives upon request.

Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

3.9 Steam Production

The permittee shall monitor and record the boiler steam production rate once per hour to demonstrate compliance with Permit Condition 3.7.

3.10 Compliance Test

On or before November 7, 2008, and at least once every five years thereafter, the permittee shall conduct periodic compliance tests on the wood-fired boiler to demonstrate compliance with the PM, PM₁₀, and CO emissions limits listed in Permit Condition 3.3. All compliance testing shall be performed in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.157, Permit to Construct General Provision 6, and the following:

- The test shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures outlined in the following federal regulations, or DEQ-approved alternatives:
 - Carbon Monoxide (CO): 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 10,
 - Particulate Matter (PM): 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 5,

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- PM₁₀: Either 40 CFR 51, Appendix M, Method 201A (PM₁₀) and 40 CFR 51, Appendix M, Method 202 (condensable particulate matter);
or,
40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 5 (PM) and 40 CFR 51, Appendix M, Method 202 (condensable particulate matter) if all 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 5 particulate matter is considered PM₁₀.
- Compliance testing shall be conducted while operations are at worst-case normal condition as defined in IDAPA 25.01.01.157.02.a.
- Visible emissions shall be observed and recorded using the methods specified in IDAPA 58.01.01.625 or 625.04 as appropriate.
- The average steam production rate shall be recorded in pounds per hour (lb/hr) during each test run.
- The pressure drop across the multiclone shall be recorded for each test run.

Reporting Requirements

3.11 Compliance Test Report

The permittee shall submit a report of the results of the compliance test required in Permit Condition 3.10, including all required process data, to the DEQ within 30 days after the date on which the test is concluded. The report shall include:

- The results of visible emissions observations during each run.
- Steam production in lb/hr during each run of the test.
- Multiclone pressure drop during each run of the test.
- PM emissions in lb/hr and gr/dscf at 8% O₂; PM₁₀ emissions in lb/hr.
- Carbon Monoxide emissions in lb/hr.

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Location: Priest River, Idaho

Facility ID No. 017-00030

4. DRY KILNS

4.1 Process Description

Four Carter/Sprague kilns in continuous operation dry the lumber. There are no emission controls associated with the kilns.

Emissions Limits

4.2 Emissions Limits

There are no emission limits associated with the kilns.

4.3 Opacity Limit

Emissions from the kiln vents, or any other stack, vent, or functionally equivalent opening associated with the kilns, shall not exceed 20% opacity for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period as required by IDAPA 58.01.01.625. Opacity shall be determined by the procedures contained in IDAPA 58.01.01.625.

Operating Requirements

4.4 Throughput Limits

- The dried lumber throughput from the facility's dry kilns shall not exceed a maximum of 200 million board feet per any consecutive 12 month period.
- Of the maximum 200 million board feet per year, the maximum dried pine species shall not exceed 40 million board feet per any consecutive 12 month period.

4.5 Kiln Vent Exhaust Stacks

The permittee shall raise the existing kiln vent exhaust stacks 15 feet from their existing height by August 12, 2005. The lower stack shall be raised to 39 feet and the taller one shall be raised to 47 feet.

[9/28/07]

Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

4.6 Lumber Production

The permittee shall monitor and record the dried lumber throughput, including pine species, monthly and annually to demonstrate compliance with Permit Condition 4.4. Annual throughput shall be determined by summing each monthly throughput over the previous consecutive 12-month period. These records shall remain on site for the most recent five year period and shall be made available to DEQ representatives upon request.

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5. PLANER CYCLONE

5.1 Process Description

The planer sizes the dried lumber to finished dimensions. Shavings generated by the planer are collected by a pneumatic system and are transferred out of the air stream by the cyclone.

5.2 Emissions Control Description

There are no emission controls on the cyclone.

Emissions Limits

5.3 Opacity Limit

Emissions from the cyclone, or any other stack, vent, or functionally equivalent opening associated with the cyclone, shall not exceed 20% opacity for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period as required by IDAPA 58.01.01.625. Opacity shall be determined by the procedures contained in IDAPA 58.01.01.625.

Operating Requirements

5.4 Cyclone

The cyclone shall be operated during all periods of planer operation.

5.5 Operations and Maintenance Manual Requirements

Within 60 days issuance of this permit, the permittee shall have developed an O&M manual for the cyclone, which describes the procedures that will be followed to comply with General Provision 2 of this permit and the manufacturer specifications for the cyclone. The O&M manual shall establish and shall provide for recordkeeping dates of routine maintenance along with operating parameter values. Operating parameter values may include, but are not limited to, optimal volumetric flow rate through the cyclone and pressure drop across the cyclone. This manual shall remain onsite at all times and shall be made available to DEQ representatives upon request.

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6. MISCELLANEOUS SOURCES

6.1 Process Description

Miscellaneous emissions sources at JD Lumber consist of log debarking, hog operations, and material transfer operations. Emissions from these processes are uncontrolled.

6.2 Emissions Control Description

Emissions from the miscellaneous emissions sources are uncontrolled.

6.3 Opacity Limit

Emissions from any stack, vent, or functionally equivalent opening associated with the miscellaneous sources, shall not exceed 20% opacity for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period as required by IDAPA 58.01.01.625. Opacity shall be determined by the procedures contained in IDAPA 58.01.01.625.

Operating Requirements

6.4 Fugitive Emissions

All reasonable precautions shall be taken to minimize fugitive emissions as required by IDAPA 58.01.01.650-651.

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7. PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT GENERAL PROVISIONS

General Compliance

1. The permittee has a continuing duty to comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. All emissions authorized herein shall be consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit and the Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho. The emissions of any pollutant in excess of the limitations specified herein, or noncompliance with any other condition or limitation contained in this permit, shall constitute a violation of this permit and the Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho, and the Environmental Protection and Health Act, Idaho Code §39-101, et seq.

[Idaho Code §39-101, et seq.]

2. The permittee shall at all times (except as provided in the Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho) maintain in good working order and operate as efficiently as practicable, all treatment or control facilities or systems installed or used to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit and other applicable Idaho laws for the control of air pollution.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.211, 5/1/94]

3. Nothing in this permit is intended to relieve or exempt the permittee from the responsibility to comply with all applicable local, state, or federal statutes, rules and regulations.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.212.01, 5/1/94]

Inspection and Entry

4. Upon presentation of credentials, the permittee shall allow DEQ or an authorized representative of DEQ to do the following:

- a. Enter upon the permittee's premises where an emissions source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under conditions of this permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;
- c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
- d. As authorized by the Idaho Environmental Protection and Health Act, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of determining or ensuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements.

[Idaho Code §39-108]

Construction and Operation Notification

5. The permittee shall furnish DEQ written notifications as follows in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.01.211:

- a. A notification of the date of initiation of construction, within five working days after occurrence;
- b. A notification of the date of any suspension of construction, if such suspension lasts for one year or more;

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- c. A notification of the anticipated date of initial start-up of the stationary source or facility not more than sixty days or less than thirty days prior to such date;
- d. A notification of the actual date of initial start-up of the stationary source or facility within fifteen days after such date; and
- e. A notification of the initial date of achieving the maximum production rate, within five working days after occurrence - production rate and date.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.211, 5/1/94]

Performance Testing

6. If performance testing (air emissions source test) is required by this permit, the permittee shall provide notice of intent to test to DEQ at least 15 days prior to the scheduled test date or shorter time period as approved by DEQ. DEQ may, at its option, have an observer present at any emissions tests conducted on a source. DEQ requests that such testing not be performed on weekends or state holidays.

All performance testing shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures in IDAPA 58.01.01.157. Without prior DEQ approval, any alternative testing is conducted solely at the permittee's risk. If the permittee fails to obtain prior written approval by DEQ for any testing deviations, DEQ may determine that the testing does not satisfy the testing requirements. Therefore, at least 30 days prior to conducting any performance test, the permittee is encouraged to submit a performance test protocol to DEQ for approval. The written protocol shall include a description of the test method(s) to be used, an explanation of any or unusual circumstances regarding the proposed test, and the proposed test schedule for conducting and reporting the test.

Within 30 days following the date in which a performance test required by this permit is concluded, the permittee shall submit to DEQ a performance test report. The written report shall include a description of the process, identification of the test method(s) used, equipment used, all process operating data collected during the test period, and test results, as well as raw test data and associated documentation, including any approved test protocol.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.157, 4/5/00]

Monitoring and Recordkeeping

7. The permittee shall maintain sufficient records to ensure compliance with all of the terms and conditions of this permit. Records of monitoring information shall include, but not be limited to the following: (a) the date, place, and times of sampling or measurements; (b) the date analyses were performed; (c) the company or entity that performed the analyses; (d) the analytical techniques or methods used; (e) the results of such analyses; and (f) the operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement. All monitoring records and support information shall be retained for a period of at least five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Supporting information includes, but is not limited to, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation and copies of all reports required by this permit. All records required to be maintained by this permit shall be made available in either hard copy or electronic format to DEQ representatives upon request.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.211, 5/1/94]

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Excess Emissions

8. The permittee shall comply with the procedures and requirements of IDAPA 58.01.01.130-136 for excess emissions due to startup, shutdown, scheduled maintenance, safety measures, upsets and breakdowns.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.130-136, 4/5/00]

Certification

9. All documents submitted to DEQ, including, but not limited to, records, monitoring data, supporting information, requests for confidential treatment, testing reports, or compliance certification shall contain a certification by a responsible official. The certification shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document(s) are true, accurate, and complete.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.123, 5/1/94]

False Statements

10. No person shall knowingly make any false statement, representation, or certification in any form, notice, or report required under this permit, or any applicable rule or order in force pursuant thereto.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.125, 3/23/98]

Tampering

11. No person shall knowingly render inaccurate any monitoring device or method required under this permit or any applicable rule or order in force pursuant thereto.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.126, 3/23/98]

Transferability

12. This permit is transferable in accordance with procedures listed in IDAPA 58.01.01.209.06.

[IDAPA 58.01.01.209.06, 4/11/06]

Severability

13. The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.